The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, MAY 18, 1867. NO. 239.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

CENTRAL AFRICA—THE GORILLA, &c., &c.

M. De Chaillu, a native of Paris, but a naturalized citizen of this country, resolved, about twelve years ago, to make an excursion into the interior of Africa, somewhere in the neighborhood of the Equator, in quarters hitherto untrodden by the feet of white men. From that time to the present he has been almost constantly employed in these explorations, and the result is given in two volumes.

His first meeting with a gorilla he describes as follows:

"Suddenly, as we were creeping along in a silence which made a heavy breath seem loud and distant, the woods were at once filled with the tremendous barking roar of the gorilla. Then the underbrush swayed rapidly just ahead, and presently before us stood an immense male gorilla. He had gone through the jungle on his all-fours, but when he saw our party he erected himself and looked us boldly in the face. He stood about a dozen yards from us, and was a sight I think I shall never forget. Nearly six feet high, (he proved four inches shorter) with immense body, huge chest, and great muscular arms, with fiercely glaring large, deep grey eyes, and a hellish expression of face, which seemed to me some nightmare vision; thus stood before us the king of the African forest. He was not afraid of us.—He stood there and beat his breast with his huge fists till it sounded like an immense bass drum, which is their mode of offering defiance, meantime giving vent to roar after roar."

This monster M. du Chaillu shot, and the body, when measured, proved to be five feet eight inches in height, sixty-two inches round the chest, and nine feet from the extremity of one outstretched arm to the other. He subsequently killed, on this trip, twenty-one of these creatures, the measurement of one of which proved to be larger than that we have just given. The skins and skeletons were brought to this country, and were exhibited for a short time in New York and Boston. Strange to say, they elicited but very little interest, except among a few of our scientific men. They were then taken to England, where they created a great sensation, and M. du Chaillu became one of the lions of the day.—This difference of appreciation of the importance of these discoveries in the two countries can only be accounted for by the publication of his first book, "Adventures in Equatorial Africa," which made its appearance shortly after his arrival in London.

He now spent three years completing his studies in astronomy, botany, and in acquiring the use of instruments, and the art of photography, when he again started on his travels to the same country. Of this latter tour, the work before us is the record.

An accident, shortly after his arrival, resulted in the loss of all his instruments, and he sent back to England for more.

"On the arrival of his second batch of instruments he at once started for the interior, two degrees south of the equator, with the idea of reaching, if possible, some of the confluences of the Nile. He had seven natives from the coast as a bodyguard who accompanied him to the end of his journey. For the transportation of his outfit he was obliged to hire additional men from the different tribes as he went along, to the number of one hundred and fifty. This journey lasted upwards of two years, and was attended with even greater dangers than those which he had encountered in Equatorial Africa. In the Ashira country he was detained for five months by the plague, which broke out about a fortnight after his arrival. The natives attributed the visitation to the influence of his presence; and, to make matters worse, the King, who had steadily befriended him, died of it. M. du Chaillu was the only one who escaped the malady a fact which induced the natives to invest him with the attributes and title of "An Evil Spirit." This proved to him the cause of innumerable difficulties and delayed his progress greatly, the chiefs refusing to see him or listen to his representations. In one district they set fire to the prairie grass, in order to prevent him and his escort passing that way. It would make this article too long were we to follow our traveler through the various other adventures which he encountered on this memorable journey. In regard to its results, we must content ourselves with stating that he added largely to his previous discoveries in geography, meteorology, and, in fact, in every branch of science. The men of the new tribes that he discovered were much larger in stature than those he had met with on the sea shore.—There was one exception however to this rule, that of the Obongo tribe, a most interesting race of dwarfs whom he fell in with towards the end of his journey, and who are probably identical with the pigmies described by Herodotus as living at the headwaters of the Nile. They neither plant nor sow, but lead a nomadic life. Their height is from four feet three to four feet six, and their bodies are covered with tufts of woolly hair. The journey, up to this time so fortunate, terminated disastrously in the "Ashango Land,' which, by the by, gives the title to M. du Chaillu's last book. A gun in the hand of one of his escort went off accidentally and killed two of the natives who were seated near our traveller, and who had just presented him with a goat as a token of friendship. The assembled crowd, fancying that they were about to be attacked and murdered, took to their arms, and a fierce encounter ensued, M. du Chaillu being wounded twice. The fight began at 9 in morning and lasted until 5, the party retreating through the jungle until they got out of the district belonging to the tribe. Unfortunately, in this retreat, M. du Chaillu lost his collections of natural history, photographs and scientific instruments; in fact, almost everything he had with him, with the exception of his journal and astronomical observations, from which his last work has been compiled."

THE RADICAL MACHINE SOUTHWARD.—The Radical Congressional Executive Committee announce that "they are meeting with good success in funds, and nearly every day agents are dispatched to different points in the South." And they might have added that the results of the "funds" and the "agents" are being rapidly developed—for instance in Richmond.—*Alexandria Gazette.*

The statement that it is necessary to stick a two cent revenue stamp on every egg you set for hatching, has been denied, officially, by the Secretary of the Treasury.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames.
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-168-tf

CANDY AND FRUIT.

1500 lbs. Assorted Stick Candy—best quality.
5 Boxes fresh repacked Oranges,
5 " " Lemons.
10 Quarter and half boxes layer Raisins,
In store and arriving.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 4-228-tf

MEAL, MEAL, MEAL.

75 Bushels fresh ground white MEAL, on Consignment.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 7-230-tf

WRAPPING TWINE,

200 lbs. Paper Twine.
300 lbs. Jute "
which will be sold cheap.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 4-228-tf

COTTON PLOWS.

We have now ready for delivery
50 of "Separk's" Cotton Plows. These plows are said by our most experienced Farmers to be the best Cotton cultivating Plow ever offered in this section.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 4-228-tf

WRAPPING PAPER.

200 Reams wrapping paper in Store, on consignment.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 4-228-tf

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;
Molasses and Syrup;
Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;
Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;
Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.
Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.
Pickled and smoked Salmon.
Liverpool and Table Salt.
Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.
Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.
Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits. Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.
Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.
Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.
All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.
We sell strictly for Cash.
April 3—tf W. ROBERT ANDREWS, Family Grocer.

ROBERT A. JENKINS, Williamsborough, N. C. LEMUEL S. PERRY, Raleigh, N. C.

JENKINS & PERRY,

Family Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

IN THE BRICK ROW,

Four Doors North of the Post Office and nearly Opposite Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Grateful for the flattering patronage with which we have heretofore been so kindly favored, we respectfully solicit an increased share of the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. Without specially *gassing*, we deem it sufficient to say, that our stock mostly embraces such articles as are usually found in Family Groceries. Most of our goods have been recently bought in New York and Baltimore, for cash, and we hope to be able to sell them on satisfactory terms. In addition to our stock of Groceries, &c., we have a fine lot of

HATS AND READY MADE CLOTHING

and a splendid lot of Confectioneries, consisting of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, RAISINS, ORANGES, FIGS, NUTS AND BRANDY PEACHES, &c.,

all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

We have also a fine lot of genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco, which we can implicitly recommend to "those who smoke." Please call and see us.

We will pay particular attention to all consignments of Produce and Merchandise entrusted to our care and will endeavor to sell at the best market prices. Consignments are respectfully solicited. By a prompt and close attention to business and fair dealing with all, we hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.
April 13-211-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

EDWARD J. HALE & SON,

Wholesale Dealers in Books and Stationery,

HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 16 MURRAY STREET,

A FEW DOORS FROM BROADWAY, WHERE they are prepared to supply their Southern friends and the public, Booksellers, Merchants, Teachers, Professional gentlemen, and others, with all articles in their line at the most reasonable cash prices.
Address,
E. J. HALE & SON.
May 1-225-2w* 16 Murray Street, New York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS, MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA; BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS' SUPPLIES; SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES; ALBUMS; PERFUMERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.
Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.
Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE,

AND

GLASS-WARE.

I BEG LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE TO THE CITIzens of Raleigh and vicinity, that I have added to my already extensive business, an especial department for

CROCKERY AND GLASS-WARE,

and have taken great care to select the goods with a view of making this a first-class Grocery store.
I have the largest and best assortment to be found in this city, consisting of FINE CHINA SETTS, (plain, gilded and painted,) all of latest styles and patterns, STONEWARE, COMMON WARE, and EARTHEN WARE.

IN GLASS-WARE,

Our assortment is complete, consisting of

Fine Cut Glass Goblets, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, and Dishes of all Sizes,

Looking Glasses

of every description, made of the very best German and American Glass.
The Department of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

has just been fitted out with the most fashionable and desirable Goods, and the recent decline in prices and the particular attention I have given in selecting the goods, will enable me to please every body in style and price. I therefore invite my old customers and the public generally to call and examine my goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.
☞ Besides, he is still prepared to furnish the people with

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

in as great variety as heretofore, embracing the best qualities as to style, make and quality. He invites an inspection of the same from purchasers.
In addition, I will mention my first-class

GROCERY STORE,

which is kept up at all times with the best and finest Family Groceries and sold at the lowest market prices.
A. KLINE.
Cor. Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.
May 2-226-2m.

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!!

HARDWARE!!!

AXES, SHOVELS, SPADES, HOES, PITCH FORKS, POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY, SPOONS, TEA-KETTLES, SEIVES, FRY PANS, STOCK AND PAD LOCKS, HATCHETS, HAMMERS, NAILS, SCREWS, TACKS, HOOK AND EYE HINGES, N. I. BUTTS, AUGUR BITS AND GIMLETS.

Which I am selling very cheap to close out lot.
DOUGLAS BELL,
April 18-215-tf Market Square.

NOTICE.

I will sell to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Raleigh, on Monday, the 19th. day of May next, the following property of C. M. Farris, viz:
A certain lot or parcel of land in the city of Raleigh, adjoining the Gas Lot, and others.
Also, the intrest of C. M. Farris the same being one half in fee simple, in and to the two following lots:
The first, situated in the late extended limits of the city of Raleigh, westward of Halifax Street and on the north side of Johnson Street, adjoining the lot lately owned by W.W. Vass and others, containing one third of an acre, more or less.
The second being the lot on Davie Street, known as the Hackney Pool lot, adjoining the lands of Seth K. Jones and others, containing one half acre or there about.
Also, all his undivided intrest, share and part of lot No 3 and small part of lot No 1, in the city of Raleigh, being the Albert Carter lot, his said intrest being two thirds of said lot, situated on the south side of Lenoir Street.
Terms made known on day of sale.
W. H. HIGH,
April 24-wtd Trustee of C. M. Farris.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.
W. H. MORRISS & CO.
April 29-234-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

FRESH FIELD SEEDS,

RED CLOVER,
ORCHARD GRASS,
TIMOTHY,
BLUE GRASS,
LUCERNE,

and best variety of Garden Seeds, just received from R. Sinclair & Co., Baltimore, at the Farmers' Hall.
JAMES M. TOWLES.
Feb20-125-tf Auctioneer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. B. HUNTER, Granville Co., N. C. E. H. LASSITER, Northampton Co., N. C.

HUNTER & LASSITER,

[FORMERLY CONANT & HUNTER,]

Cotton Factors, & General Commission

MERCHANTS,

CORNER OF HIGH AND WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, VA.

Feb 6-154-3m

SEGARS AND TOBACCO.

WE are in receipt of a lot of Segars and Chewing Tobacco that can't be beaten. Call and see.
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.
Dec 17-tf

TANNER'S OIL.

ANOTHER lot of that Superior Fish Oil for Tanner's use, just to hand.
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.
Dec 17-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

$300 REWARD!!

A PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of North Carolina:

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN REPRESented to me that PETER LANE (Colored,) late of the County of Wake, in said State, stands charged with the murder of one Mayo, (Colored) late of said County and State, and that said Lane is a fugitive from justice;
Now THEREFORE, in order that the said Lane may be arrested and brought to justice for the said alleged murder, I, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, do issue this my proclamation, offering the reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Wake County.
(———) In WITNESS WHEREOF, His Excellency,
(SEAL.) JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said
(———) State, has hereto set his hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed. Done at the City of Raleigh, this the 22d. day of February A. D. 1867.
By the Governor: JONATHAN WORTH,
WM. H. HAGLEY,
Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.—Peter Lane, is a bright mulatto, 6 feet 1 or 2 inches high—weighs 180 or 190 pounds—35 or 40 years old—heavy goatee—full face—high forehead—likely—quite intelligent—very polite—quick spoken—and is a black-smith by trade.
Feb 22-168-1m

J. T. MORRISS & BRO.,

127 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,

18 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

AND

Manufacturers of all Kinds of Furniture,

—ALSO—

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Enameled Cloth and Floor Matting.
Call and examine our stock. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.
April 15-212-3m*

FOR RENT OR SALE.

A valuable house and lot in this city, for rent or sale.
Apply to R. C. BADGER.
Feb. 14—161-tf

LIME.

FARMERS and builders in need of Lime, can be supplied by the undersigned with an excellent article at very low rates.
Cost per ton at Salisbury securely boxed $12,00
Freight from Salisbury to Greensboro, $2,00.
Do. " Hillsboro, 2,20
Do. " Raleigh, 2,70.
Apply to
POWELL, WILSON & CO.
Catawba Station,
Dec 5-tf W. N. C. R. R.

GUANO! GUANO!!

A NEW ARRIVAL OF NO. 1, PERUVIAN Guano and Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate of Lime, direct from the manufactory and sold at their rates, only adding transportation. Farmers will do well to secure what they may want, at once.
JAMES M. TOWLES.
April 10-213-tf

LIME LIME!!

150 Barrels Fresh Lockport Lime, on consignment, and offered very low, if taken at the Depot at once.
JAMES M. TOWLES.
April 29-224-tf

THE YARBROUGH HOUSE,

Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

I HAVE THE PLEASURE OF ANNOUNCING to my friends, and the traveling public, that I have leased the

YARBROUGH HOUSE,

for a term of years. The house will be

Repainted and Furnished

with new and elegant furniture at once.
I return sincere thanks to my patrons for their very kind and liberal patronage, received while in charge of the EXCHANGE HOTEL in this city.
I promise that the Yarbrough House shall have no superior in the South.
J. M. BLAIR.
mar 24-199-tf

COTTON PLOWS.

Just received another supply of March's New Patented COTTON PLOW. They give universal satisfaction.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
my 6-229-tf Agent.

JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, &C.

WM. H. THOMPSON,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

24 Fayetteville Street 24

RALEIGH, N. C.

HAS just returned from the North and opened at his old stand, a splendid variety of

Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, &c.

repairing done neatly and with dispatch. He has also on hand a fine assortment of CLOCKS, GOLD PENS, POCKET KNIVES, &c.
A choice lot of elegant STATIONERY, also in Store, and many little articles that will repay inspection.
Old GOLD and SILVER bought and sold.
Feb 25-170-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASTROLOGY.

THE WORLD ASTONISHED

AT THE WONDERFUL REVELATIONS MADE BY THE GREAT ASTROLOGIST,

Madame H. A. PERRIGO.

She reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, catastrophies, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the malefic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secrecy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, enclosing a small lock of hair.
Address, MADAME H. A. PERRIGO,
P. O. DRAWER 293, BUFFALO, N. Y.
April 6-205-1ywad

There cometh glad tidings of joy to all,
To young and to old, to great and to small;
The beauty which once was so precious and rare,
Is free for all, and all may be fair.

By the use of

CHASTELLAR'S

WHITE LIQUID ENAMEL,

For improving and beautifying the complexion. The most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint, that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Moth, Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same, leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use can not be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable preparation, is perfectly harmless. It is the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian as indispensable to a perfect toilet. Upwards of 30,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guarantee of its efficacy. Price only 75 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of an order, by
BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists
April 6—205-1ydaw 285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

CRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes, and radiant hair.
Whose curling tendrils soft entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.

CRISPER COMA,

For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.

By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and post-paid, for $1.
Address all orders to
W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y.
April 6-1ydaw

EXCELSIOR! EXCELSIOR!!

CHASTELLAR'S

Hair Exterminator.

For Removing Superfluous Hair.

To the ladies especially, this invaluable depilatory recommends itself as being an almost indispensable article to female beauty, is easily applied, does not burn or injure the skin, but acts directly on the roots. It is warranted to remove superfluous hair from low foreheads, or from any part of the body, completely, totally and radically extirpating the same, leaving the skin soft, smooth and natural. This is the only article used by the French, and is the only real effectual depilatory in existence. Price 75 cents per package, sent post-paid, to any address, on receipt of an order, by
BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists,
285 River St., Troy, N. Y.
April 8-1ydaw

WHISKERS AND MUSTACHES forced to grow upon the smoothest face in from three to five weeks by using Dr. SEVIGNE'S RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE, the most wonderful discovery in modern science, acting upon the Beard and Hair in an almost miraculous manner. It has been used by the elite of Paris and London with the most flattering success. Names of all purchasers will be registered, and if entire satisfaction is not given in every instance, the money will be cheerfully refunded.—Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y. Sole Agents for the United States.
April 8-1ydaw

BEAUTY.—Auburn, Golden, Flaxen, Silken CURLS produced by the use of Prof. DEDREUX FRISER LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn hair of either sex into wavy ringlets, or heavy massive curls.—Has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London, with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive Circulars mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River St., Troy, N. Y., Sole Agents for the United States.
April 8-1ydaw

WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

WORTH & DANIEL

Shipping & Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Genuine Peruvian Guano direct from Government Agents.
Salt, Hay and all kinds of Coal.
Agents for Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.
Agents for the Philadelphia Southern Mail Steamship line.
Agents for Goodspeed's weekly Steamship line from New-York.
Agents for Jonas Smith & Co's., line of New York mail packets.
[illegible]

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, EBEN YOUNG, SPENCER SCOTT, A. S. SHAFER, A. L. SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
Feb 15-162-3m

JOHN S. DANCY, of Tarboro, N.C., JOHN H. HYMAN, of Scotland Neck, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,

Late of Tarboro, N C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

No. 24, Exchange Place,

NEW YORK,

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

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Feb. 20-tm

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April 9-207-2m

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Persons desiring the material for starting a paper will find this a rare chance, as everything is in good order.
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APPLY AT THIS OFFICE.
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WOSTENHOLM & SONS' HEAVY RAZORS, Fine Barber's Shears,
Large Garden Shears and Garden Trowels.
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1867. Spring Trade, 1867.

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Guano Droppers, made and on hand.
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April-17-214-tf With HART & LEWIS

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Old Dominion Coffee Pots,
French Biggin Coffee Pots,
Crystal and Ornamented Chamber Sets,
Handsome Water Coolers,
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White and Persian Granite Table Ware.
Bowls and Pitchers.
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Goblets, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Salt Stands.
ALSO,
Framed Looking Glasses.
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ARCTIC ICE CREAM FREEZERS; WILL Freeze in 5 minutes.
ALSO,
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1867. SPRING TRADE 1867.

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10 x 14 and 12 x 18 ditto.
300 lbs., Bladder Putty.
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Well furnished, on hand.
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1867 ROAD. 1867

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Your Goods will be handled only once.
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CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

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For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.
Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.
Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.
Call and get a Circular.
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For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

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The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED.

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.—For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact whenever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.
Dr. Johnston B. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.
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R. B. SAUNDERS,
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WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

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WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists,

1806 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

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For one month,	$1,00
For two months,	2,00
Three months,	2,50
Six months,	5,00
One year,	10 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year,	5,00
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THE SENTINEL.

WM. B. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

SATURDAY, MAY 18, 1867.

NOTES ON THE SOUTH.

We published, on yesterday, an article, with the above caption, from that able and influential paper, the New York *Journal of Commerce*, whose Editor has been giving an account of the condition of the South from personal observation. Other articles have appeared, which we regret our inability, on account of circumscribed space, to give in full. We notice, however, some points which he makes in the series.

He says, first of all, that no dependence can be placed on the reports which are generally published in Northern papers. This is most true. To the extravagant and malicious representations of Southern sentiment, which have been furnished the Northern press by interested and itinerant scribblers, and others, is to be attributed the misapprehenson and perversion of our real purposes and condition that so extensively prevail in that quarter. It is related of a prominent French official, that he labored under the impression that Americans were all black men. Many of the people of the North are equally as ignorant in their estimate of the feelings and character of the Southern people.

A remarkable feature of Southern life, the writer says, is want of communication between different sections. The people travel but little; poverty forbids it. The railroads are in very good order; but the trains run with few passengers. From New Orleans to Wilmington it is rare to see a train with over twenty-five first class passengers.

Even where the people meet in large crowds, as at hotels, there is no discussion of public affairs, and very little interchange of opinions and views. On the contrary, the people are downcast and apparently absorbed in thought. No one talks politics, no one thinks politics, no one seems to care for politics.

It is impossible to exaggerate the poverty and distress of the people. Some sections are better off than others; but distress is visible everywhere. It would be impossible for any pen (says the Editor) to describe with sufficient power the mournful condition of things in the cotton States. A dark cloud seems to hang over all the land.—This is mainly due to the uncertainties of the future. There is an earnest desire to have some definite plan of government.

There is a general determination to proceed under the reconstruction bill; but there is a great want of confidence in it as a finality. This, at present, he says, is the chief curse of the South. This is so. The failure of the crops last year, though a heavy blow, would not have been felt so heavily had this year opened with a settled system of government. The Northern people are now suffering from the retrospective effect of this Southern depression, and the longer it is protracted, the more serious will be that effect.

POOR AMMUNITION.—In his eagerness to prove to the colored people how very little the *Radicals* have done towards giving them the ballot, and how very *late* the Radicals are in finally giving it, a writer in the Raleigh *Sentinel* says: "When assembled in Convention in Philadelphia, in September last, they declined committing themselves to negro suffrage." Who declined, the Radicals? We think the writer in the *Sentinel* might refresh his memory without injury to the veracity of his statements.—*Newbern Republican.*

"Who declined—the Radicals?" Yes, the Radicals, assembled in Convention, in Philadelphia, in September last. Does the *Republican* presume to deny this? In both the platform adopted, and the address issued, on the occasion, the question of negro-suffrage was studiously and entirely ignored! If it is right now, why was it not right then? The truth is that while the Southern Radicals, who were in that body, were in favor of incorporating negro-suffrage in the party platform, (for what reasons is very well known,) the *Northern* Radicals there ruled it out. They were afraid to go before *their* people on that issue. It was explicitly declared that public sentiment at the North was not ripe for it. But when Congress forced it upon the *South*, that was another matter. As a punishment for "rebellion," it would do very well; always provided that delicate Northern sensibilities were not to be shocked by going to the polls side by side with the negro.

The "writer" in the *Republican* "might refresh *his* memory," for, if he doesn't know or remember the fact that the September Philadelphia Convention declined committing themselves as we have stated, he is either very ignorant or very conveniently oblivious.

MR. STANBERY'S OPINION.—The *National Intelligencer* confirms the telegraphic announcement that the opinion of the Attorney General, in explanation of the recent reconstruction Acts of Congress, which is be the basis of the instructions of the President to the executors of these laws, has been considered and adopted in Cabinet meeting and will be forthwith published. It is said to be a document of great length, and to embrace every conceivable detail or phase of those statutes upon which instructions are required.

SERVED HIM RIGHT.—The Wilmington *Dispatch* gives an account of a large gathering of colored people in Robeson County, on Saturday last, which was addressed by Sloshor. He was replied to by a colored man present, who avowed himself a Republican, but warned his brethren against trusting the promises or following the lead of such men as the "Stealing Parson."

"We think the *Sentinel* and other friends of Gov. Worth intend to strive to put their friends in office, who are not disqualified, and ignore men who would be particularly acceptable to the majority of Congress."—*Charlotte Democrat.*

The *Democrat* has been harping on this string long enough. Neither the *Sentinel*, Gov. Worth, nor any consistent Southern man, can hope to please the *Democrat*, unless we should condescend to put ourselves under its leading strings. This we will hardly do, even to escape the censure and captiousness of that fault-finding paper.—Does it suppose that, on any account, the *Sentinel* or any of Gov. Worth's friends could be brought to support the men who have been the source of all the faction and division that we have had in the State for years? Men from whom we have nothing to expect, but constant agitation and turmoil,—men who "would prefer to rule in hell than serve in heaven,"—who are ready to sacrifice every principle of patriotism and good will, for the sake of gratifying their malice?

We have over and over again stated, that we were ready to be led by, and to co-operate with, the true Union men of the State,—men who are neither disfranchised by Congress nor who have been ignored by three-fourths of our people, but we would be ashamed of ourselves, if, from mere motives of policy, we could be induced to support the enemies of the State and people.—And since the *Democrat* has harped so much on it, we now challenge it to make good its twaddle, that the men we ignore are the men who would be particularly acceptable to the majority of Congress. We defy the *Democrat* to give one good reason, one particle of proof, to show that leaders in the late Convention here are the special favorites of the Congress. What word or act of Congress indicates, in the least, that the disfranchised men of that body, or any other disfranchised men in the State, are the special favorites of the majority of Congress? That paper cannot show it, and until it does, it ought to cease its whimperings.

THE MOBILE RIOT.—The telegraph furnishes us with an account of a public meeting of the citizens of Mobile, white and colored, for the purpose of deprecating the recent bloody and lawless disturbances in that city. We have no doubt, as stated in the resolutions, that the riot was entirely unpremeditated and grew out of the excitement and easily-aroused passions incident to large crowds and to the occasion. The same explanation may doubtless be given of the late riots in Richmond and elsewhere. But what drew those crowds together?—What aroused those passions? What was it that was calculated, if not designed, to stir up strife and unchain resentments? The answer is but too painfully evident.

All of these disturbances, which tend to the most horrible consequences, are the legitimate, natural and almost inevitable results of the efforts being made by Radical emissaries and incendiaries to inflame the minds of the people, and to array classes against each other. And while this fact excuses no one who allows himself to be involved in riot,—while the participants, white or black, should be dealt with in the most severe and summary manner compatible with the supremacy of law,—it puts an awful responsibility, before God and humanity, upon the shoulders of these fomenters of discord.

THE NEW YORK *Herald* thus hits the nail on the head. The recent disturbances at various points in the South are opening the eyes of the Northern people and journals to the consequences of the inflammatory harangues of Radical emissaries.

"Array the two races against each other, and the whites in all the ten excluded States, except South Carolina, Mississippi and Louisiana, are in the majority, so that upon this reorganization of Southern parties in these States the republicans will have only three States against seven, with some of the heavy cotton districts in Georgia and Alabama and perhaps the German sections of Texas. But all other dangers to both races in the South and to the republican party are trifles compared with the dangers threatened from a Southern political white party against a hostile Southern party of blacks. Republican leaders and stump orators in their threats and hints of confiscation and free farms to the blacks, are sowing the wind from which, if they do not take care, they will reap the whirlwind, in this bold and clashing array of the two races South against each other. The history of emancipation in St. Domingo is full of instruction. We are thus warned to be exceeding prudent in our promises and hints to a powerful body of ignorant blacks suddenly transformed from slaves to freemen.

The republican orators now stumping the South are too fast. They are drifting to a war of races. The blacks are becoming bold and defiant, with these orators before them and the United States military forces behind, and the whites are becoming despondent and in some cases ready for desperate measures. Wiser counsels must guide the dominant Southern white class and these republican missionaries down South, or the work of Southern reconstruction will become "confusion worse confounded," and a Northern political reaction and revolution will follow next in order."

THE ISMATICS of the North are getting to be as transcendental in their language as they are in their theories. At the late annual May meeting of the "Equal Rights Society," in New York, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the duration of national existence has never been proportioned to the life of individual man; nor has any Government achieved an eminence in any direction worthy to be compared with that of many men, and women also, both in ancient and modern times."

This, we suppose, is intended to define something contained in the code of the higher-law party, and it is no doubt satisfactory to the sublimated intellects of its followers; but we confess if is beyond the grasp of our "unprogressive" comprehension.

"Senator Alex. G. Cattell, of New Jersey, has been presented by a number of citizens of Philadelphia with a solid silver service, valued at $6,000, in appreciation of his services in securing the passage through Congress of the League Island bill."—*Exchange.*

Wonder if the *quid pro quo* was not promised before hand? That is the way they manage matters "up North" now-a-days.

REGISTRATION IN LOUISIANA.—The Alexandria *Democrat* shows that registration is carried on in the provinces of Louisiana, under the Sheridan *regime*, with the same remarkable fairness and consistency which characterize the proceedings in the City of New Orleans. It is greatly to be rejoiced at, that the Attorney General's opinion is so soon to be given to the public. It will doubtless put a stop to such iniquities. The *Democrat*, of the 8th., says:

"The following persons were not permitted to register: C. W. Boyce, a native of the county and a resident of the parish since 1844, because he was a member of the police jury previous to the war. Isaac Levy, a naturalized citizen and voter here of at least twenty years, because he could not show his papers. The evidence of this was burned in the Court House, in May, 1846, at Banks's grand torch light retreat, and the original papers in the house of said Levy. Joseph W. Moore, the present parish recorder, was rejected, although he was fortunate enough to have his papers, because, when he became a citizen, he swore to support the Constitution of the United States, etc. Isaac Lacroix, a native of the parish, at least forty years of age, because he was a lieutenant of militia before the war. S. W. Henaric, the oldest inhabitant of the town, save and except the venerable editor of this paper, was rejected because he filled the office of mayor of Alexandria, in 1855, three months, having never been sworn in or commissioned. Judge M. Ryan, a naturalized citizen, before the war representative and senator, was allowed to register. W. W. Whittington, before the war a representative, was also allowed to register."

UNDERWOOD.—A correspondent of the Baltimore *Gazette* thus daguerreotypes Underwood and describes the part he acted on the occasion of Mr. Davis' appearance in the U. S. Court in Richmond:

"Judge Underwood alone seemed fully alive to the vast importance of the occasion. His appearance is not a prepossessing one—small face, rather round, with sunken eyes, hair brushed back from a high forehead, moustache and long full beard, he gives you at once the idea of a cross between an itinerant pedlar and a travelling preacher. When in return to the modest speech of General Burton, if such his few words can be called, he began to read from notes prepared for the occasion the short but stilted address which he had no doubt elaborated with greatest care, the copy-book phrases and spread eagle sentiments told plainly that the looks of this great man do not belie his talents. When he afterwards announced that the counsel of the Government was present, it was very evident that in submitting to the dictates of the rulers of the nation, he had neither the tact nor the manliness to do what he did gracefully and with at least apparent willingness."

CAPT. H. M. LAZELLE, Commandant of the Post at Charlotte, is contributing a series of articles for the *Times*, of that city, entitled a "Review of the Situation." The first number is well written and catholic and liberal in spirit. We extract the concluding paragraph:

"A gallant people have fought and failed, with singular unity and sincerity; and however bitter individual effects have been, mean must be the heart of even their former foe, that will not render credit to their valor and self sacrificing spirit; regret that their industrial and mercantile interests have decayed; deplore the sectional alienation of feeling, and the loss of that element of generous hospitality once so conspicuous and fascinating to the stranger; and lament the estrangement of kindred and the sundering of family ties among them by war."

COLD SPRING.—The continuance of the northerly winds, this Spring, is exerting a deleterious influence upon vegetation. The cold nights must be very severe upon the young cotton plant, stunning its growth and preventing much of it from coming up.—Many planters have already plowed up the first planting and have re-planted.

The wheat crop has been very promising, but we fear the cold will bring rust, which must seriously injure the crop.

THE SUPREME COURT, it will have been perceived by our yesterday's telegram, has finally disposed of all the injunction cases before that tribunal, on the ground of non-jurisdiction. This is as we expected. We have never had the slightest confidence in the practicality or success of the applications, and accordingly deprecated them as useless and calculated to aggravate prejudice.

THE SPEECHES of Horace Greely and Gerrit Smith, before the late Richmond meeting, an abstract of which we publish to-day, will well repay perusal. The advice which they give the colored people is moderate and sensible.

NEGROES AND STREET CARS.—A great deal of indignation has lately been wasted upon the people of Richmond because they dislike the idea of having negroes ride in the street cars. It is a foolish prejudice, of course, and one which disappeared in this city, several years ago. But why do not the special champions of the Freedmen direct a little of their surplus indignation toward Northern cities in which the same prejudice exists? The people of Philadelphia have persistently refused to allow negroes in their street cars, and it was only by coercion on the part of the late Legislature that they were finally obliged to sacrifice their prejudice. It is somewhat singular that the self constituted defenders of the negroes give their attention exclusively to fault finding in the South paying no attention to the colored people of the North.—*New York Sun.*

Rev Sereno Howe, a Baptist clergyman and a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives from Abington, has been found to have pursued a system of most beastly and licentious conduct towards the youth of both sexes under his charge as educational supervisor of the town, and has been compelled to flee to avoid lynching. He did not deny the crime, or rather series of crimes, and was so far undisturbed as to be allowed time to hand in his resignation as a member of the Legislature. He has not since been seen.

An ex-Federal officer, who employs fifteen negroes on his plantation near Selma, called them together a day or two before the radical meeting in that city, some days ago, and represented matters to them in such a light, that they declined attending the meeting, but went contentedly to their daily task of making corn and cotton.

A large number of negroes enlisted in this city for the U. S. army to serve on the Indian frontiers, left this morning at 8 o'clock, on the Selma and Meridian train for their destination.—*Selma Times.*

We used to read articles headed "Progress of the cholera." Now we read a good many headed "Progress of Wilson." Diseases are said to be getting worse and worse in the world.—*Prentice.*

From the Richmond Enquirer.

ABSTRACTS OF THE SPEECHES OF Mr. Greely and Gerrit Smith, IN RICHMOND, Tuesday Evening, May 14, 1867.

MR. GREELY'S REMARKS.

"The equal rights of the negro, he said, are the corner stone of reconstruction, and were, in his view, of greater moment than every thing beside. It was necessary that all should see and admit this. It was urged that Republican States had not yet enfranchised their own blacks, and the argument was disgracefully true, and although the great body of the Republican party was not in fault, these facts only rendered more imperative the requirement that the equal rights of every American citizen, whether by birth or naturalization, should be firmly secured and guarantied in the Federal Constitution as well as in those of all our States. He contended that the Republican party could never conclude its work until this principle was settled beyond question, and trusted that the Conservative party would be wise enough not to allow this matter to become a bone of contention.

In regard to the proscription which at present excluded certain prominent ex-Confederates from voting or holding office, what was to be thought? His view was, that no man who was to-day at heart an enemy of the Union and its government, had any moral right to be a voter in any portion of this country; but if he was to-day for the Union, its government and its laws, if he prefers this country to Brazil or Mexico, Hayti or Liberia, he was entitled to exercise the privileges of a voter, even although he had at some former time been a rebel.—This was to him the common sense view of the matter.

He did not object to the President's long list of exceptions from his general amnesty, nor to the restrictions of Congress against rebel voting, but he accepted these only as precautions against a possible triumph of present disloyalty, and he hoped it would soon be deemed safe and wise to dispense with them altogether.

Then as to confiscation: He had been told that the negroes of the city and State refused to buy farms because they were told that they would soon be provided for by confiscation. He trusted that this information was untrue, for waiting for dead men's shoes seemed to him a rapid process compared with waiting to obtain a farm by confiscation. On this point he begged his audience to hear him attentively. As to what Congress might or might not do in the future, he was no authority and had little to say. He could imagine a state of things which would lead to a general confiscation, though none that would induce him to approve of it. But as to what *had* been done, he might speak as confidently as another, and again requested the earnest attention of the audience.

The oldest and ablest member of the present Congress was Thaddeus Stevens, of Pennsylvania, a statesman who had for forty years been honorably known as an advocate of freedom for all. Mr. Stevens had held for years the most important position and wielded the greatest influence of any man in the House; yet, while he has made several speeches and written a recent letter in favor of confiscation, he has never yet obtained the support of either House; no bill has been reported embodying his views; no vote has indicated that ten members in both Houses favor his project. He was confident that not twenty of the three thousand political journals in the United States favor confiscation. So much all might see; he did not profess to foresee.

Mr. Stevens talked of putting $500,000,000 into the treasury by mild measures of confiscation; but the speaker had read history, and was confident that all the confiscations of land and houses made since war was first inaugurated had not netted $500,000,000 to the treasuries of the confiscating governments, and was equally confident that if the entire property of the South were confiscated to-morrow, and sold to whoever would buy it, it would not put $500,000,000 in the Federal treasury, for confiscation stifles, stagnates and paralyzes. At its approach industry stops the plough in the furrow, the shuttle in the web, and begins to conceal and shuffle and prevaricate. All property is slid into the hands of alleged loyalty, while, meantime, labor stands idle and poverty starves. Individuals are enriched—especially those who run the machine of confiscation—but the masses suffer, and famish and die. He firmly believed that confiscation would send more of the blacks to their graves than to homesteads.

But should not the poor have homesteads? Certainly they should, and the public lands were open to every poor man, white or black. Millions of acres of choice land were open to any loyal citizen, and many blacks as well as whites were hastening to secure them.—He expected every one to buy or make himself a home, but entreated the poor man not to wait expecting to obtain one by confiscation.

Thomas Carlyle says that "the great mistake of Rob Roy was that he did not know that he could buy his beef cheaper than he could obtain it by harrying the Lowlands." Let none of us repeat the error. Deadly feuds exist between those dispossessed by confiscation and their successors, as we see is the case in Ireland to-day. No man ever felt that land taken from him by confiscation was rightfully another's. Let us, then, beware of planting in this fair land the seeds of eternal war.

It was sometimes asserted at the South that "we must all vote the Republican ticket, or we cannot get back to self-government." No, sirs, nothing like that! For my part I am and have been, and must be a Republican, because I hold no other party so nearly right as that, but I do not wish any man, white or black, to vote with me when he prefers to vote otherwise. But I do urge the whites of the South to be first, fully absolutely just to the freedmen, and heartily allow them equal rights before the law; secondly, to respect and obey the military authority temporarily set over them; thirdly, to register and vote for such candidates as they judge to be fittest, such principles as they deem soundest; fourthly, to award fully every one, white or black, the fullest liberty to vote as to him shall seem good; and fifthly, to form free, just and republican constitutions, and elect to Congress only such men as can take the prescribed oath, and thus appear at Washington next winter, prepared and conditioned to be admitted into Congress and to all the immunities o self-government.

He urged this because he desired and longed for an early, complete and durable reconciliation between the late warring sections of our so nearly dissevered, but now re-united and magnificent country. Men of Virginia, I hope and trust that the day will soon come wherein the latter prosperity and greatness of your State shall eclipse all past conceptions of her glory and grandeur; when her unequalled resources, her advantages of timber, soil, minerals and water-power, shall be fully utilized, and when this city, greater than any present Lowell or Manchester, shall echo to the roar of a thousand water wheels, the clink of ten thousand furnaces, and when her people shall realize in the hum of industry and the delights of peace, a grateful exchange for the harsh thunders of iron-throated war."

HON. GERRIT SMITH'S REMARKS.

Mr. Greeley's speech was greeted with loud applause, and Mr. Gerrit Smith, of New York, being loudly called for, he (Mr. S) apologized for adding anything to Mr. Greeley's remarks; expressed his willingness, however, to do anything to promote a better understanding among his countrymen, and urged the necessity of mutual love between the two sections of the Union, a love which could be attained only by an honest and faithful discharge of duty by both parties, for the late ill feelings were not yet extinguished although somewhat smothered.

The Southern people, having been conquered in a war, which they maintained with a gallantry and perseverance unsurpassed, should, he thought, "accept the situation," and making a virtue of necessity, submit with apparent cheerfulness to the terms imposed upon them.

They ought not to attempt an evasion of those terms by appealing to the Supreme Court. He had in the earlier portion of the war regarded us as traitors, but he did not so consider us now, as, after the organization of a *de facto* government, the Southern people occupied the same ground with those of the United States. The North was equally responsible with the South for the recent war, and it was the duty of the North to treat the South with generosity. The doctrine of States' rights had many advocates in the North, but the true cause of the war was not States' rights but slavery, for which the North was as much to blame as the South, for it had upheld slavery by legal decisions in its State courts, had with Yankee cunning given their institutions of learning a pro-slavery cast, and he had, for contending that slavery was not legal, been attacked by numerous Northern mobs. The North had reaped a rich harvest from slavery, which had benefitted that section more than it did the Southerners, who held the cow while the Northerners milked her. He favored relieving the destitution of the South, and remitting all Federal taxes for at least six years. He inculcated the necessity of good feeling between the Southern whites and blacks. The latter had toiled for generations for their masters, and proved trustworthy and true during the late war. The blacks also should love the South. Why not?

[An almost unanimous shout of "we do love them," went up from the blacks, which was replied to with applause from the whites, who again responded in a similar manner.]

Mr. S. continued, praising the patience and gentleness of the negroes, and although it was undeniable that the whites surpassed them in intelligence and vigor, the time might come when such would no longer be the case. He opposed confiscation, but urged land-holders to sell the blacks land at low prices and on long credit, to acquiesce in the changed state of affairs, and to legislate impartially. Such a course would secure the good will of the negroes, who would also become better citizens by feeling that they held an interest in the soil of the State. He was also opposed to the disfranchisement even of the leaders of the rebellion, who would, he argued, wield a greater influence for evil if disfranchised than if allowed to vote, as the purity of their motives could not well be questioned. He hoped that the blacks would universally petition Congress to restore the South to its old position in the Union. Such a petition would not be refused, the heart of the most bitter rebel must be melted, and he thought the whites would never again give the negroes cause to complain of harsh treatment.

He referred to the recent negro riots in this and other cities, expressed his regret at such conduct, warned the blacks to be quiet and law-abiding and to avoid rum, which generally went hand in hand with rioting. If the negroes wished to obtain half the land in Virginia, let them abstain from liquor and let the whites drink it all.

UNDERWOOD SPEAKS.

Underwood being called for, some commotion arose, the whites hissing and the blacks shouting; but when he made his appearance he was granted a respectful hearing, and deserved it by advising the negroes to adopt the suggestions of the previous speakers.

The audience was nearly equally divided between whites and blacks, and, among other gentlemen present, we noticed upon a front bench, and in close proximity to us, the following gentlemen:

General Thomas L. Clingman, N. C.; Hon. Mr. Napier, brother of the late Minister from England; Hon. E. C. Cabell, Colonel Henry Burgwyn, and George Shea, one of the counsel for Mr. Davis.

We are pleased to believe that the occurrences of the evening had a most beneficial effect upon the negroes, and will do much to thwart the incendiary designs of Hunnicutt & Co.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FAMILY ROE HERRINGS.

Inspected and warranted!
A few Half Barrels just received and for sale by DOUGLAS BELL.
my 17-238-tf

REMOVED TO PENTHESS' CORNER,

NEXT DOOR TO TUCKER'S NEW HALL.
Call and see our new stock.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
my 17-238-tf

JUST RECEIVED, TO-DAY,

AT OUR NEW STORE.
Counting House Slates—best quality,
Common School " " "
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
my 17-238-tf

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!!

250 Hhds. and 40 Teirces and Bbls. "Clayed Cuba" and "Muscovado" MOLASSES, mostly in bright and new packages.
Just landing, for sale by
WILLARD BRO'S.
29-30 and 31 North Water St.
my 17-238-1m Wilmington, N. C.
Standard Copy.

MILK! MILK!! MILK!!!

Persons wishing to obtain a good article of fresh MILK, can do so by application to Mrs D. C. Dudley, who lives on Mount Street, South East of Mr. George T. Cooke's Tavern, and on the same square. Those desiring it, can get milk at any time of the day, as she designs keeping her cows up, in order that she may be able to accommodate all who may favor her with a call.
Raleigh, N. C. May 17-238-1w*

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES WILL occur on Wednesday the 22nd. inst.
Address, by Rev. JOEL W. TUCKER.
Concert of Vocal and Instrumental Music at night.
The next Session will open on 17th. July.
C. B. RIDDICK,
my 16-237-4t President.

WOOD!

The undersigned is authorized to receive proposals for furnishing this institution with 1,500 Cords of Wood, Oak and Pine in equal quantities. The wood to be delivered in lots of not less than 300 Cords per month upon the grounds of the Asylum.
ED. C. FISHER,
my 16-237-3awlm Phys'n and Supt. Insane Asylum.

HARDWARE.

AT 44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Mill Saw Sets, Bench Axes,
Hollow Augers, 4 to 1 inch.
Store Door Locks, Duplicate Keys,
Knob Locks, with White and Brown Knobs,
Inch Bead Planes,
Plain Bits, 2½ to 2½ inches.
J. BROWN,
my 15-237-tf With HART & LEWIS.

FAMILY GROCERS.

FLOUR, MEAL, HAMS, BUTTER.

SUPERIOR FAMILY FLOUR. [Warranted.]
100 BUSHELS PRIME WHITE MEAL.
SOUTHAMPTON HAMS, AND DELICIOUS BUTTER.
Just received and for sale.
my 14-235-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

EXTRA LARGE STRAWBERRIES—STRAWberries and Cream! How perfectly delightful even to *contemplate!* at
JENKINS & PERRY'S.
my 13-234-tf

SWEET YELLOW BUTTER—VERY NICE.
at JENKINS & PERRY'S.
my 13-234-tf Opposite Market, Fayetteville St.

AN EXCELLENT ARTICLE OF BRIGHT MOlasses at
JENKINS & PERRY'S.
my 13-234-tf

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF FINE CARGO ORanges, at
my 13-234-tf JENKINS & PERRY'S.

IF YOU WANT REALLY TO INDULGE YOURself in the exquisite luxury of a good smoke and inspire yourself with beautiful thoughts and delicious care-beguiling emotions.—In short, if you want to *feel good*,—try some of this fragrant, genuine DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO.
at
April 27-233-tf JENKINS & PERRY'S.

JACKSON WHITE POTATOES.

If you want something nice in the shape of a Potato, call and examine those which I am now offering.
April 22-218-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

FAMILY FLOUR.

Another lot—quality warranted, by
my 6-229-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED.

To hire a PIANO. Apply at
J. M. TOWLES' STORE.
my 16-237-4t

NOTICE.

Persons owing the late firm of Wm. B. SMITH & CO., must make payment before May Court.
All debts unpaid at that time will *certainly be put in a train of collection.* Messrs. WILLIAMS & LAMBETH, Booksellers, No. 40, Fayetteville Street, are authorized to receive and receipt for monies paid.
R. W. YORK,
my 7-230-eod2t Trustee.

UNITED STATES TAX NOTICE.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 4TH. DIST., N. C.
WARRENTON, N. C., May 13th. 1867.

THE ASSESSOR'S LIST FOR THE YEAR 1867 has been placed in my hands for collection.—All persons on whom assessments have been made during that period in Wake county, will meet me or my deputy at Raleigh on the 8th. to 15th. June prepared to pay their taxes.
All Distillers, Tobacco, Snuff and Cigar Manufacturers, must come prepared to give bond and security, and all who have made application for license must come forward and take out their license. Those who fail to comply with these requirements will be subject to a heavy penalty.
According to the provisions of the law those who do not pay, at the required time, will be liable to ten per cent. additional upon their taxes. The special attention of those who have not paid on the back lists is called to this fact.
JOHN READ,
Collector.
W. B. WILLIAMS,
May 14-235-td Dep. Collector.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

THE ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-SIXTH Term of this Institution will begin on Friday, July 19th, 1867.
TUITION, $50: BOARD $70 to $100.
For Catalogues, or more particular information, apply to the President of the University.
HON. D. L. SWAIN, LL. D.
my 13-234-3t Chapel Hill, N. C.

44 Fayetteville Street.

GENUINE TURKEY OIL STONES,

1 Handsome Child's Carriage, last on hand, and will be sold low.
J. BROWN,
my 11-233-tf With HART & LEWIS.

TO PRINTERS & PUBLISHERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FOR SALE THE following Printing Materials, &c., which will be sold very low for cash or good notes.
200 lbs. more or less of Minion in very good order and not half worn.
100 lbs. good Brevier.
100 lbs. of good Small Pica.
A quantity of Job Letter suitable for advertisements, &c.
1 first rate Northrop's Power Press, nearly new. This press is furnished with points for registering and will do excellent work, roller molds and all complete.
1 Robinson's Princeton Power Press, a first rate newspaper Press, will be sold very low.
1 Washington Hand Press, in good order.
1 Palmira Job Press quarter sheet medium.—An excellent Job Press.
Also a large assortment of Book, Newspaper and Job chases.
Those contemplating the publishing business would do well to correspond with us, as a better opportunity of obtaining good Material on such terms seldom occurs. Address,
HUFHAM & HUGHES,
Publishers, Raleigh, N. C.
my 13-234-tf

BUCKEYE MOWER AND REPAIR.

We have in Store one of these celebrated Machines, which we will sell on accommodating terms.
We have also made arrangements to furnish on short notice Grain Cradles, Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, Horse Rakes, Fan Mills, Cotton Gins &c., &c., at *manufacturers' prices.*
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
my 4-228-tf

AUCTION SALES.

ANOTHER AUCTION!

ON WEDNESDAY, MAY 22ND. 1867.
at Our Store, No. 58, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh,
WE WILL SELL, BY CATALOGUE,
A LARGE VARIED STOCK OF HARDWARE,
Consisting of Table and Pocket Cutlery, Razors, Scissors and Shears, Draw Knives, Hammers, Hatchets, Axes and Saws, Tea and Table Spoons, Pad and Stock Locks, Gimlets, Files and Rasps, Horse Shoes, Nails and Tacks, Trace Chains, Spades, Shovels and Forks, Fry Pans, Sauce Pans and Kittles, Candle Sticks, Curry Combs and Horse Brushes, Weeding Hoes, Coffee Mills, Sifters and Cotton Cards, Bridles, Back Bands, &c.
A Full, Complete and well Selected Stock of
READY MADE CLOTHING,
LATEST STYLES AND BEST MAKE,
Twenty Crates of Crockery, Assorted.
Hats and Shoes, Cigars and Tobacco, Wines and Liquors, Sugars and Coffees.
And Twelve heavy Cases of Plain and Fancy Dry Goods, Bleachings, Domestics, &c., &c.
The attention of Merchants is particularly called to this sale.
Parties desiring to add other Goods must have them in Store on or before Saturday the 18th.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers,
my 4-228-td Auction & Com. Mer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SECOND GRAND OPENING OF THIS SEASON AT

SMITH'S,

No. 23 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.

Thirty Thousand Dollars Worth OF FRESH GOODS OPENING THIS DAY.

THE ABOVE NAMED STOCK HAS BEEN SElected with much taste and judgment, and at the very great REDUCTION recently made in prices of all kinds of

DRY GOODS,

AND WILL BE SOLD CORRESPONDINGLY LOW.

This is decidedly the largest and best stock of

DRY GOODS

In Virginia and offers inducements to purchasers unsurpassed anywhere. No effort will be spared to give satisfaction to all.

TO THE MERCHANTS OF Virginia and North Carolina,

I WOULD SAY SEND IN YOUR ORDERS.

You will be delighted with the BEAUTIFUL GOODS you will receive in return, and at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

To our numerous customers at a distance, I return my grateful thanks and request their orders for samples, guaranteeing in every instance entire satisfaction.
To our numerous friends and patrons in the city and vicinity, I would especially say, that in many respects the Stock was never so desirable or complete, embracing many

NEW AND DESIRABLE ARTICLES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT,

And will, therefore, refrain from a numeration, except to call especial attention to

THE DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT,

which surpasses anything heretofore offered in this market. An early call will secure the most

DESIRABLE SHADES,

PATTERNS, &c., &c.

Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended, I hope by strict attention to the necessities and interest of my customers, to merit the continuance to the entire extent of their wants in the DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.
THOMAS SMITH.
my 4-228-tf

THE BOTTLED WATER OF ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS, VA.

THESE MINERAL WATERS

Have an established reputation for very high curative virtue in all the following classes of disease, and as being an absolute SPECIFIC in several of them, viz:
SCROFULA, and all the forms of Glandular swellings and Cutaneous Eruptive Disease, Erysipelas, Tetter, Eczema, &c., *Chronic Diarrhœa*, and *Dysentery, Dyspepsia, Bronchitis, Chronic Thrush*, Affections of the *Kidneys* and *Bladder*, Dropsy and Piles. In all anæmic conditions of the System and broken-down states of the Constitution, Loss of Appetite and General Nervous Prostration, their powers and virtue as a Restorative may be safely pronounced to be

WITHOUT A KNOWN RIVAL

Amongst the Mineral Waters of the World.

They are *especially indicated* in the whole class of ailments peculiar to the Female Constitution.

The Springs Pamphlet, with analysis of Professor Hayes, of Boston, and letters of Dr. Cartwright, of New Orleans; Professor Cabell, of the University of Virginia; Drs. Moorman and Graham, of Virginia; Drs. T. G. Thomas and Thos. Addis Emmett, of New York, and of other distinguished men of the clergy and other professions, abundantly attest what is here said of the virtues of this water.
Can be had on applications to the Agents.

THE ALUM MASS, OR SALTS OF THE WATER.

These Salts are now put in $2 and $6 vials, sealed and stamped with Springs' seal to prevent all mistake, and sent at these prices, postage paid, to any office in the United States, and, at the price, is much the cheapest form of obtaining the water.
One box of water will last seven weeks at one pint daily.

PURCELL, LADD & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
RICHMOND, VA.,
A. B. RUCKER, LYNCHBURG, VA.
COLEMAN & BODGERS, DRUGGISTS, BALTIMORE,
HEGEMAN & CO., DRUGGISTS, NEW YORK,
Are kept in regular supply of the Water and Powders direct from the Springs.
☞ Orders sent to either of the above houses or to the proprietors, must be accompanied with the money, as no accounts will be kept.
CAUTION.—In ordering the Water it will not do simply to order "A box of Alum Water." If you want THIS water, be careful to say "Rockbridge Alum Water," and so also of the Salts or Mass.
The Springs will be opened on the 1st. of June.
Capt. W. H. SALE will continue, as heretofore, general Superintendent. He is well known to the Spring-going public.
FRAZIER & RANDOLPH,
my 8-231-2m Proprietors.

SUGARS! COFFEES!! TEAS!!! SYRUPS!

CRUSHED SUGAR,
A. R. & C. SUGAR,
PORTO RICO SUGAR.
OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA COFFEE,
PRIME GREEN LAGUAYRA,
BEST RIO COFFEE.
DELICIOUS GREEN AND BLACK TEA,
and extra Golden Syrup, which are just to hand and will be sold on most accommodating terms, by
my 6-229-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

GRAIN AND GRASS SCYTHES.

Scythe Snaths.
Indiana Pond Stones,
For Grass and Grain Scythes.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, May 8-229-tf With HART & LEWIS.

FOR SALE.

100 Bushels N. C. OATS
100 " Collins' white corn MEAL and
Davidson County Family FLOUR.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
my 8-231-tf

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 13 minion lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	2,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	3,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional "	3,50
One square three months	13,00
Each additional "	4,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, MAY 18, 1867.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The public will find the *Sentinel* one of the best mediums of advertising in the State. Its circulation covers a larger area, perhaps, than any other paper.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The Superintendant of the Virginia Military Institute gives notice that arrangements are in progress to accommodate 100 additional cadets at this celebrated Military Academy.

Mitchell, Allen & Co., 22 Pollok St., Newbern, make their usual interesting announcement to farmers and others.

MAYOR'S COURT.—A. Miller, Co. A., 5th. U. S. Cavalry, arrested at the house of Emily Pearson, at a late hour of the night, without a pass, and lodged in the Guard House. Turned over to the military authorities.

Dudley Barnes, white, charged with committing an assault upon James Simmons, colored, was returned to the County Court.

Willis Hartsfield, colored, for a misdemeanor, was fined $5.

Wm H. Putney and Charles Johnson, both white, charged with making an assault upon Gallus Thomann, U. S. soldier, were returned to the County Court.

Wm. H. Putney, charged with making an assault upon Anne Baker, in her own house, was returned to the County Court.

Wm. H. Putney, charged with making an assault upon John Eagan, was returned to the County Court.

Wm. H. Putney, Charles Johnson, Wm. Dancey, Jr., and Daniel Warren, charged with injuring and destroying public property, were returned to the County Court.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—We are requested by the Secretary of this Association to state, that there will be a meeting of this Association, on Monday night next, at the Session House of the Presbyterian Church. The annual election of officers will be held at this meeting, and other important business will be before the Association. Every member is *earnestly* requested to be present. It is hoped *all* will come, so that the fullest sense of the majority may be had.

Miss Mary Hacket, a highly respectable young lady of Wilkes County, committed suicide on Sunday last, by discharging the contents of a loaded shot-gun into her head. Cause, disappointment in love.

Mr. John Webster, of Davidson County, was kicked by a horse and killed on Wednesday last. Mr. W., says the Salsbury *Banner*, was a good and brave soldier in the late C. S. A.

OF THE MANY COSMETICS and toilet articles now advertised, but few prove to be what they are represented. Messrs. Berger, Shutts & Co., Chemists, of Troy, N. Y., are advertising extensively several articles that have proved themselves just as represented, for which they are acting as agents. We believe them to be perfectly trustworthy, and that parties using their preparations will find them fully up to the recommendation given. See their advertisement in another column of this paper.

THE SOUTHERN ORPHAN RELIEF FUND.—In order to settle the difficulties growing out of the disputes between different parties connected with the Southern Orphan Relief Fund, who claim the balance in the Chesapeake Bank to the credit of said fund, of $1,672.69, the Chesapeake Bank has filed a bill of interpleader in the Superior Court against all the claimants, so that all parties may be required to settle their respective claims to said fund in court before bringing suit against the bank.—*Baltimore Sun.*

Near Paris, Kentucky, on the 3d instant, a gang of ex-Federal soldiers broke in upon a party of negroes who were pic-nicing in the woods; beat and abused the men, and committed all sorts of brutal outrages upon the women and girls. Several of the ruffians were arrested, and the police are after the remainder.

A serious riot occurred at Brownsville, Tennessee, on Monday last, during the session of a Radical Convention there. There are conflicting reports concerning the origin of the riot, but the result of it was that three negroes and two white men were shot, although none of them fatally. At last accounts all was quiet again.

EX-GOVERNOR WISE.—If the New York *Herald* is to be credited, this distinguished gentleman is about to make that city his place of residence, with a view to the practice of law.

Forty six Democratic Congressmen have been elected, nine of which are from Kentucky. One hundred and twenty members are now permitted to occupy seats.

From the Charleston Mercury.

GEN. SICKLES' REGISTRATION ORDER.

Our readers will learn, by the important order of General Sickles, this day published, that on the third Monday in July a registration will be made of those citizens entitled to vote for a Convention to frame a constitution for South Carolina under the provisions of the Military act of Congress, and for the delegates thereto. Unless the Supreme Court of the United States at its present session declares the act unconstitutional, null and void, the registration will take place and will be followed by the voting. The whole frame work of our State organization and every right in the community is involved in the action taken by our citizens in this business, and it requires no reflection to arrive at the vital importance of every one registering who is entitled to vote. For weal or for woe, for conservation or for Radical ruin, this matter is going to decide the fate of our people. If ruined, they are to have a voice and hand in their destruction, and either apathy or timid and hopeless time-serving will accomplish the end of making the country unendurable—without security for life or property, and with a disgusting and degrading war of races. It is incumbent upon us to rise to the realization of our true position; to understand the difficulties and dangers by which we are surrounded, and to shape our course with wisdom and judgment and discretion, no less than with courage, fidelity to ourselves, and the vigor and energy of a community striving for existence—for every interest, and every right, and every hope, which makes life valuable. However unpleasant and humiliating the dirty work of canvassing and electioneering, it cannot be avoided, and must be done. We have faith to believe that the people of the State will do their part honestly and actively, with a manly patience and good sense. The State can and will be saved from the Radical inundation and overthrow which otherwise is likely to prevail over our rights, property and civilization. In this great impending emergency South Carolina expects every man to do his duty. No good citizen who can vote should fail to register, and we trust that such men will be appointed to conduct the registry that no suspicion of party trickery or foul play can possibly rest upon the results of the ballot boxes. This seems clearly the intention of General Sickles' order.

SERENADE TO MRS. GENERAL BURTON.—A number of the young gentlemen of this city procured the services of Smith's band, and serenaded Mrs. General Burton, at the Spotswood Hotel, last night, between 11 and 12 o'clock. This was a most delicate and well deserved compliment to that estimable lady for her kindness to Mr. and Mrs. Davis during the long confinement of the illustrious prisoner at Fortress Monroe.—After the band had performed several beautiful pieces, General Burton appeared and made the following brief response:

Gentlemen—I am only an officer of the army of the United States of America. I have fought you to the best of my ability during the recent war. For some months I have been the custodian of the gentleman delivered to the United States Court yesterday. My duty has been discharged to the best of my ability, and if, while discharging my highest and most important trust, courtesy has been extended, it gives me pleasure. Please accept the thanks of my wife for this demonstration, the courtesy extended, and the sweet music with which you have entertained us; and I assure you the air you have just played will be remembered with the most pleasant associations. Gentlemen, good night.—*Richmond Examiner*, 16th.

There were 364,298 marriages last year in the United States.

MARRIED,

In and of this city, on Wednesday evening, the 15th. inst., by the Rev. J. K. Howell, Mr. L. N. Nowell, to Miss Emily G. Amis.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Virginia Military Institute,

LEXINGTON, VA.

ARRANGEMENTS ARE IN PROGRESS TO accommodate 100 additional Cadets in this Institution. Its well established character for its system of discipline and course of instruction commends it to the support of those who desire a thorough and practical education.

Information will be supplied by application to the undersigned.

FRANCIS H. SMITH,
my 18-w1ma2awtl2ept. Superintendent.

"THE CHURCH OF THE STRANGERS,"

NEW YORK,

REV. DR. DEEMS, PASTOR.

STRANGERS visiting New York are respectfully informed that a congregation, composed of Christians of different Protestant denominations, has been organized under the pastoral charge of the Rev. CHARLES F. DEEMS, D. D., of North Carolina. Visiting clergymen of the several churches are invited to officiate. No sectarianism, no partisan politics, will be allowed to interfere with the worship.

The service is held morning and night in the Large Chapel of the University, immediately West of the New York Hotel.

The Pastor's residence and post office address is 221 WEST 34th. STREET. Strangers in the city, who are sick or in distress, may freely call upon Dr Deems for pastoral service.

When any member of any church comes to New York to engage in business, let him call promptly on the Pastor of the Church of the Strangers.—Especially let this be done in the case of young men who will have a cordial welcome.

Newspapers through the country, friendly to the enterprise, will please copy this advertisement and allow it to stand.

my 18-239-1f

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA

FOR

HORACE L. EMERY & SONS' PATENT UNIversal Cotton Gins and Condensers, Lever and Railway Horse Powers;

Ingersoll's Cotton and Hay Presses,

The most improved Cotton Planters and Plows.

March 28—1f

UNIVERSITY.

THE EXAMINATION OF THE STUDENTS OF the University of the State will begin on Monday, the 27th inst., and continue until Thursday, the 6th. of June, the day of the College Commencement.

The Board of Visitors consists of

His Excellency JONATHAN WORTH,
Governor of the State, and ex officio President of the Board.

Hon: D. L. SWAIN, LL. D.
PRESIDENT OF THE COLLEGE.

Thos. S. Ashe,	Bat. F. Moore,
Dan'l M. Barringer,	Montfort McGehee,
Kemp P. Battle,	Rufus L. Patterson,
Wm. A. Blount,	David S. Reid,
Thos. Bragg,	Francis E. Shober,
Geo. F. Davidson,	Leonidas F. Siler,
Wm. Eaton, Jr.,	Wm. N. H. Smith,
Burgess S. Gaither,	D. G. Stone,
James F. E. Hardy,	Jos. M. Taylor,
Wm. Lander,	Mason L. Wiggins,
	CHAS. MANLY,
	Secretary.

May 15-236-td.

Office Western N. C. R. R. Co.,
STATESVILLE, N. C., April 27, 1867.

A CALL meeting of the Stockholders of the Western N. C. R. R. Company will be held in Morganton, on Wednesday, the 29th. of May, to accept or reject an important amendment to the Charter, passed by the last Legislature.

Stockholders and their families will pass free. By order of the Directors,

R. F. SIMONTON,
May 1-235-wtd. Secretary and Treasurer.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Friday Evening Dispatches.

THE MOBILE RIOT.

MOBILE, ALA., May 17.

A large meeting of citizens, whites and blacks, was held last evening. It was addressed by the Hon. Alex. McKinsley, Maj. Steene, of the *Times*, and others. The meeting was very harmonious. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, At a recent meeting held in this city, on the night of the 14th. of May, there were disturbances and disorders, resulting in the most lamentable consequences: and, whereas, this meeting is composed of the citizens of Mobile and desires to announce to the people of the country their unqualified disapprobation of and hostility to all such: Therefore,

Resolved, That we deeply deplore the unfortunate occurrence that took place at the said meeting, and desire to express, in the strongest terms, our disapprobation of them.

Resolved, We are of opinion that the disturbance at the said meeting was wholly unpremeditated, and was the result of accidental excitement, to which all large bodies are subject.

Resolved, In our opinion, our people are not disposed to impede, in any manner, the free exercise of speech to all and every class of persons.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 17.

Attorney General Stanbery's construction of the reconstruction acts is in the Department printing office.

The Supreme Court, during the session just closed, disposed of two hundred cases, leaving two hundred and fifty on the docket.

It is a matter of comment that the Court recognized Texas as a State of the Union, in granting the injunction against the payment of the indemnity bonds, obtained from her during the rebellion.

The Justices who are equally divided on the motion to amend the Mississippi bill were Chase, Wayne, Nelson, Clifford, Swaine, Miller, Davis and Field. Justice Grier left before the Court acted on the motion.

With the dismissal of the cases, the subpœnas issued under them fail.

OLD SCHOOL PRESBYTERIANS.

CINCINNATI, May 17.

The Old School Presbyterian Assembly has elected Dr. P. S. Gurley, of Washington, Moderator. Two hundred members are present.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 17, M.

Cotton quiet, 28@29.

Gold 41,37.

LIVERPOOL, May 17, M.

Cotton firm. Middling uplands 11½. Orleans 11½. Estimated sales 12,000 bales.

Saturday Morning Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 17.

Geo. Bancroft, of New York, has been appointed to succeed Gov. Wright as Minister to Prussia.

The merchant Prince, Stewart, of New York, returned eighty dollars income for this year, and Chaplin & Co. one hundred and fifty dollars—Both returned over a million income last year.—These merchants have sold more goods this year than during any year before. They have sold for cash, and their losses are not attributable to bad debts.

The release of Mr. Davis meets with earnest applause from his friends. Since his release he has repelled, as personally obtrusive, anything like a demonstration, though he has received his friends cordially and conducts himself in all respects with the quiet and dignity of a private gentlemen.

FROM RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, May 17.

A telegram to the *Dispatch*, from Staunton, announces the election, by the Episcopal Convention, of Rev. Francis M. Whittle, of Louisville, Ky., assistant Bishop of Virginia.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, May 17.

An order was issued by Gen. Sheridan this morning, prohibiting the carrying of Fire Arms by any person except authorized. Offenders are subject to trial and punishment by military commission.

A meeting last night was addressed by Senator Wilson; the meeting was quiet and orderly, though the Military were under arms in readiness to quell any disturbance.

The Firemen will hold a three days festival beginning to-day at the Fair Ground, for the benefit of Widows and Orphans.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 17, P. M.

Cotton easier. Sales 1,000 bales at 28½.

Flour declined 10@15. State $10,90@$14,25. Southern $15,20@$18,50.

Corn declined 2@3. Western Mixed $1,23@$1,25. Old $1,31.

Mess pork heavy $23.

Naval stores quiet. Turpentine 62@63. Rosin $3,75@$8.

Gold $1,37.

BALTIMORE, May 17.

Cotton in fair demand at 27½@28.

Corn improved. Demand advanced, 2@3. Prime white $1,15; Yellow $1,15@$1,16; Mixed Western $1,05@$1,07.

Bulk Shoulders 8½@9; Rib Sides 10½; Loose 10½; Mess Pork $23,50@$23,75

WILMINGTON, May 17.

Cotton quiet, 24. Spirits Turpentine steady, 55. Rosin $2,70@$6.

LIVERPOOL, May 17.

The Broker's Circular reports the sales of cotton for the week at 118,000 bales. 42,000 for export and 8,000 for speculators. The stock in port and on shipboard is 826,000 bales, of which 457,000 bales are American.

FREE SPEECH IN TENNESSEE.—The Memphis Avalanche says:

"Another note of alarm comes from the Radical camp; a note still more significant of the demoralization that seems surely if not swiftly seizing upon the very vitals of the corrupt knaves now in power in Tennessee. Fletcher, Brownlow's chief scullion, in a late speech, said that Etheridge's forte was in stirring up excitement and creating dissatisfaction with the present immaculate Government; and that, if he or his friends presumed upon his being indulged in that line, they would be mistaken. He alluded to the intentions and power of Brownlow to do all that he might deem essential to "preserve the peace and quiet of the country;" and distinctly intimated that, if Etheridge's canvass and exposition of the infamy and ruin of the radical policy in this State should create such excitement as may result in the overthrow of radicalism in Tennessee, and in committing the control of political matters to the hands of the people, then Brownlow will have Etheridge arrested, even if his infamous "State Guard" must be called upon to make the arrest."

THE ORIGIN OF THE RICHMOND RIOT.—The New York *Herald* of yesterday publishes a letter from an officer of the Wilmington, Del., fire company, denying the report telegraphed to that journal that the recent riot in Richmond was begun by one of its members striking a negro.

The New Orleans *Picayune* says that General Sheridan proposes to take a trip North about 1st of June.

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 20) G. B.	42
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	34
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	40
" Wadesborough	28
" Thomasville	40
" Wilmington	21
" Commerce	15
" Washington	6
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	80
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	20
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	22
Gold	135
Silver	130
Old Coupons	40
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	97½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	4

Raleigh National Bank of North Carolina.

BUYING RATES—N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	30
" Commerce	13
" Clarendon	2
" Fayetteville	5
" Lexington	10
" Lexington at Graham	20
" North Carolina	43
" Roxboro	40
" Thomasville	40
" Wadesborough	24
" Wilmington	30
" Washington	8
" Yanceyville	7
Commercial at Wilmington	20
Farmers' Greensboro (Old)	25
Merchants', Newbern	50
Miners' and Planters'	30
Virginia Bank notes, average	25
South Carolina "	21
Georgia "	20
Gold	133
Silver	128
Old North Carolina Coupons (fundable)	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	85
North Carolina 6's	40
Exchange on New York, ½	

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER.

RALEIGH N. C.

BACON	17@18
BEEF	11@20
BUTTER	40@00
COTTON	22@24
CORN	1 25@1 40
COFFEE	28@35
EGGS	20@00
DRIED FRUIT—Apples	12 50@3 00
" " Peaches, per bu.	none
FOWLS	3 @50
FLOUR—Family	15 00@17 00
" Superfine	13 00@14 50
LARD	15@20
MEAL	1 30@1 50
MOLASSES	60@75
NAILS	9@10
PEAS—White	1 25@1 35
" Stock	1 10@1 25
POTATOES—Irish	1 75@2 25
" Sweet	6@1 50
RAGS	4@5
SALT	3 25@4 25
SUGAR—Crushed	18@22
" Brown best	15@17½
" Common Brown	12½@15

SPECIAL NOTICES

10 CASES GENT'S FINE CALF BOOTS AT $4,00 a pair at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

April 17-214-tf

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF RE-phyrs at 25 cts. per ounce at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

April 17-214-tf

ALL THE LATEST STYLES GENT'S AND Boy's Hats at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

April 17-214-tf

KNOW THY DESTINY.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychometrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. Box 223, Hudson, N. Y.

Apr 6-305-1ydaw

FREE TO EVERYBODY.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer, 21.
April 6-305-1ydaw Troy, N. Y.

DRY GOODS.

IN LUCK AGAIN!

THE VERY LATEST ARRIVALS

OF NEW GOODS!!

JUST RECEIVED A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTment of Rich

GRENADINES,
MOZAMBIQUES,
MOHAIRS,
AND POPLINS,

ALSO,

SHEER ORGANDIES
RICH JACONETTS,
PERCALES,
PEQUE,

AND

50,000 yds. of the handsomest Prints you ever saw.

These goods have been bought since the

RECENT DECLINE IN PRICE,

So that we can give you handsomer goods for the price than we have been able to do since the

CLOSE OF THE WAR.

—ALSO,—

A LARGE STOCK OF BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED DOMESTICS,

PLAID HOMESPUNS,

GENT'S AND BOYS WEAR.

DENIMS AND LINENS &c.

And a beautiful stock of Ladies and Misses' Trimmed and Untrimmed *HATS*, Bainbows, Almas, Fatii, &c., &c.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

my 17-238-tf

DRY GOODS.

ARRIVED AT LAST.

T. Miles & Sons' fine French Calf Boots.
Fine French Calf Gaiters,
" " " Oxford Ties,
" Lasting " "
Ladies Gaiters and Bootees,
Children's, Misses and Boys shoes and gaiters at

April 29-223-tf GEO. T. COOKE'S.

HATS! HATS!!

Fashionable Moleskin Hats.
" Blk. Fine felt "
" White " " "
Cashmere and Wool "
A large stock of Straw Hats, for boys and men, selling at reduced prices at

GEO. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.

A beautiful stock of Parasols.
Umbrellas, small and large sizes, at

GEO. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

50 DOZ. LADIES' LINEN CAMBRIC HANDkerchiefs, for sale Cheap at

GEO. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The largest and finest stock of Gents' Boots and Shoes that can be found in the city, at

G. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

HOME AGAIN.

ISAAC GETTINGER

is now in full receipt of his Spring and Summer stock of

DRY GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES, MILLINERY,
AND FANCY GOODS,

They will be sold at a very small advance on

FIRST COST.

The Millinery business will be carried on by

MRS. GETTINGER,

in all its branches, she having been North herself and visited the first Millinery establishments in the country, laid in her own stock in person, and besides that, having a thorough knowledge of this business, will be enabled to suit one and all from *the rich to the poor.*

Opening day for Spring and Summer Bonnets will be on the 10th. day of April, to which all her lady friends are respectfully invited.

We are also introducing a new style HOOP SKIRT called the

ODESSA PATENT COLLAPSING SKIRT,

a skirt far superior to anything that has ever been brought to this country. We ask an inspection of the same. You will not regret a walk to No. 48 Fayetteville Street.

April 4-293-3m

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS,
PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES,
TARLETANS,
PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell.

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.

April 8-204-tf

PRINTS! PRINTS!! PRINTS!!!

A beautiful Stock of New and Fresh Prints, Cheap.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

my 6-229-tf

Astonishing Low Prices.

BED SHEETING.

1,000 yds., Good 10-4 Bleached Sheeting, which will be sold at 62½c. per yard

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

April 16-213-tf

SHOES AND HATS.

FOR MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS FROM 25c. to $2,00

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

April 16-213-tf

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

500 Yds. heavy Linen Drill, slightly damaged by fresh water; will be sold at cost on account of the underwriters—a great bargain.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Wholesale & Retail Merchants,
April 16-213-tf Raleigh, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED

AT

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

IN ADDITION TO HIS ALREADY LARGE, and well selected

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK,

100 of the latest styles and patterns

SILK SACQUES

AND MANTLES.

Also, MOZAMBIQUE and POPLIN SACQUES, for Summer wear.

PRINTS,

and all other domestic goods, in great variety, at

M. ROSENBAUM'S
No. 16, Fayetteville St.,
May 3-227-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

NORTH CAROLINA MILITARY AND POLYTECHNIC ACADEMY,

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

GEN'L R. E. COLSTON, SUPT.

THE 2D. SESSION OF THE NINTH ACADEmic year of this Institution will commence on the 1st. of July next.

The Academic course, while embracing *Latin, French* and *Belles Lettres*, has for its principal aim thorough instruction in the *Mathematical* and *Physical Sciences*. It includes a complete course of *Civil Engineering, Architecture* and *Drawing*, and it ensures to the student a thorough, practical scientific education corresponding to the wants of the age.

The military exercises are for the present restricted to merely enough drill to afford healthy exercise, and agreeable recreation.

No guard duty is required, and the discipline is mild, but firm. Expenses moderate. Location unsurpassed for health.

For circulars containing full information, address,

Gen. R. E. COLSTON, Supt.
my 16-227-6w Hillsborough, N. C.

NOTICE.

ABOUT THE LAST OF APRIL, 1867, A PACKage was stolen, in Wilmington, from Ard'd Dendy addressed to the subscriber, containing two promissory notes, drawn by Decimus F. Holmes, in favor of Eliza Palmer, for $500 each.

All persons are hereby forwarned against trading for said notes, and the maker against paying them to any one except Eliza Palmer, or her authorized agent.

A liberal reward will be paid to any one rendering the notes to the subscriber.

JAMES D. M. IVER.

Carthage, Moore Co., May 13-238-1t*

DRY GOODS.

1867. 1867.

FIRST GRAND OPENING OF NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

COME AND SEE THEM, AND IF THE GOODS AND PRICES SUIT YOU, BUY THEM.

I now take the pleasure of informing my numerous friends and customers that I have just returned from the North, and have now in Store,

10,000 Yards of Beautiful Spring

AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

embracing all the novelties of the season, which will be sold cheap enough to insure sales. Creech's is the place to buy your Dress Goods.

PRINTS! PRINTS!! PRINTS!!!

Just received 8,000 yards of beautiful Spring and Summer Calicoes, which will be sold as cheap as cheapest. Customers cannot do better than to come to Creech's to buy their Calicoes.

CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, KENTUCKY JEANS, COTTONADES, &c.

Just received 5,000 yards Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cottonades and Linen Goods, for Men, Boys and Children, suitable for Spring and Summer wear. I ask you to call and examine my stock before you buy, and you will not regret it.

HOOP SKIRTS! HOOP SKIRTS!!

A large and varied stock of Hoop Skirts, both as to price and quality.

LADIES' HATS AND BONNETS, TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED, NEW STYLES FOR 1867.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats, prices ranging from $1 to $6. Misses from 50 cts. to $1. Creech's is the place to buy your Hats and Bonnets.

Gent's Hats, Hats, Hats!

Just received a fine assortment of Men's, Boys', Youth's and Children's Hats—cheaper than ever. Come to Creech's to buy your Hats.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

Just received 3000 pair Gent's, Boys', Ladies' and Misses' Shoes,—will be sold cheap enough to meet the hard times. Come and see prices and quality.

Groceries and Crockery Ware.

A good stock of Family Groceries, and Crockery ware, and will be sold as low as any in the city.

Don't say you won't come and see, but say you will. If you have laid up your money for a rainy day, that rainy day has come. So come to Creech's to buy your goods. You will find me at R. Smith's corner, always ready and willing to serve you right.

mar 23-192-tf A. CREECH.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG,

AT THE

OLD STAND

OF

S. H. YOUNG.

ARE now receiving from the North a large and well selected stock of the most desirable and fashionable

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Which having been bought at low figures will be sold very low

FOR CASH.

We respectfully request our friends, and the public generally, to call and examine our stock, before buying elsewhere.

April 19-216-tf

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

OUR STOCK COMPLETE!

WE HAVE IN STORE A GENERAL ASSORTment of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Hats, Boots and Shoes for Gent's and Boys.

ALSO, HATS FOR LADIES AND MISSES, &c., &c.

Call and see us at the old stand of

May 3-227-tf S. H. YOUNG.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

OFFICE N. C. R. R. CO.,
COMPANY SHOPS, May 5th, 1867.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE, TRAINS ON the North Carolina Rail Road will arrive at and depart from the City of Raleigh, according to the following:

MAIL TRAIN.

	arrive.	depart.
Going North	9.18 A. M.	9.28 A. M.
Going South	3.50 P. M.	4.05 P. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

	arrive.	depart.
Going North	10.40 P. M.	11.20 P. M.
Going South	5.12 A. M.	6.00 A. M.

Mail Train makes close connections with Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road.

JAMES ANDERSON,
my 7-230-6 Sup't.

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. Co.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C. May 6th, 1867.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE ON R. & G. R. R.

ON and after May 7th 1867, trains will run on R. & G. R. R. as follows: Daily

Mail trains leave Raleigh	9,30 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon	2,30 P. M.
Mail trains leave Weldon	10,50 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	3,50 P. M.
Freight train arrives at Raleigh	4,50 P. M.
" " leaves "	6,30 A. M.

The mail trains make immediate connections with all points North and South as quick as any other route.

W. G. LEWIS,
May 6-229-tf Gen. Supt.
Progress and Standard copy till forbid.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FIRST CLASS PROPERTY FOR RENT.

THAT LARGE, COMMODIOUS, AND WELL known Hotel,

"THE METROPOLITAN"

situated in the center of the business portion of Greensboro, N. C., is offered for rent or lease.

Its advantages are many; the outhouses and improvements are in fine condition, and of modern construction. Greensboro is a point at which a well conducted Hotel cannot fail to pay an active manager very handsomely; being at the terminus of the Richmond, Danville and Piedmont Rail Road, about the middle of the N. C. Central Rail Road, in the very centre of the Mining District of N. C.; as a point always remarkable for its flourishing schools and female colleges, and well known as a summer resort, on account of its healthy atmosphere.

The proprietors would prefer renting to some party, who have had experience in conducting a *first-class* hotel, and to such the terms would be most liberal; at any rate they desire an active and energetic man. The Metropolitan Property being the only Hotel in the central part of town, makes it most desirable, and a competent manager would enjoy a monopoly.

Apply to, by letter or otherwise,

BRENIZER, KELLOGG & CO.
Proprietors,
Greensboro', N. C.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARKS & LITTLEJOHN,

(SUCCESSORS TO ANDERSON, MARKS & CO.,)

General Grocers

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 6 OLD STREET,

OPPOSITE SYCAMORE,

Petersburg, Va.

Will attend to the Sale of all Produce and Merchandise, of every description, sent to their care and will also purchase any goods not in their line.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.

Can also furnish Fertilizers of any kind to farmers on accommodating terms.

J. A. MARKS, W. H. LITTLEJOHN,
Late of Anderson, Marks & Co. of Franklin Co., N. C.

Feb 18-164-3m

FERTILIZERS

FOR SPRING CROPS.

WE beg to inform the trade and planters of North Carolina and Virginia, that we are prepared to furnish them with the most approved FERTILIZERS, on the most accommodating terms. We will have a stock of genuine PERUVIAN GUANO, purchased direct from the Agent of the Peruvian Government.

We have now in store, for immediate delivery, 325 tons BRADLEY'S SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, which won for itself such an enviable reputation in the Cotton and Tobacco counties of North Carolina and Virginia, last season, proving itself equal, and in many important respects, superior to the Peruvian Guano. We give an analysis of it as ascertained by Dr. Hayes, one of the most eminent Chemists in the country:

Results of Analyses Made of Bradley's Patent Super-Phosphate of Lime, as now sold by Wm. L. Bradley.

100 PARTS CONSIST OF	
Moisture	5.20
Prepared animal matter, salts of Ammonia, fatty substances and Humus	38.50
Bone Phosphates of Lime, Magnesia and Iron	34.80
(Soluble Phosphates of do. 16 6-10.)	
Sulphate of Lime	16.50
Salts	2.00
Insoluble	3.00
	99.90

The animal matter afforded 4 2-10 parts of Ammonia when it was decomposed, and, as will be seen, nearly one-half of the Bone Phosphate is soluble.

After many analyses of your Super-Phosphate of Lime, made during the last few months, I have found your standard of quality full equal to that of any you have ever sold in former years; and I am satisfied that you include the correct principles in the manufacture. Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D., State Assayer.

We refer to the following gentlemen who tested its merits last season:

Dr. G. A. FOOTE, Warren County, N. C.	
J S FOOTE,	"
Col JOHN WIMBISH, Granville	"
B T BALLARD, Franklin,	"
A. D. ELLIS,	"
R. F. YARBOROUGH	"
L. BATTLE, Nash County, N. C.	
J H AVENT,	"
W T WRIGHT,	"
L M CONYERS,	"
H G WILLIAMS,	"
J P HILLIARD,	"
J P JENKINS,	"
J J THORNTON,	"
Dr W H WATSON,	"
T J BODDIE, Nash County, North Carolina.	
J S BODDIE,	"
Hon S H ROGERS, Wake	"
T P BRASWELL, Edgecomb	"
J H ARMSTRONG,	"
J L LYON,	"
E H FLOWERS,	"
Col G W HAMMOND,	"
W W BARNES,	"
J B TAYLOR,	"
J N TAYLOR,	"
Gen. M W RANSOM, Northampton	"
W P SOLOMON, Halifax,	"
W T TAYLOR, Wilson,	"

We will be represented at the Courts of Granville, Nash, Wake, Edgecombe, Wilson, Halifax, Northampton, Franklin and Warren counties, N. C., and Greensville county

THE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, MAY 18, 1867.

[From the Elizabethtown Banner, Ky.]

TO MRS. FANNY DOWNING,

ON READING HER "MEMORIAL FLOWERS."

Fair songstress of the sunny clime,
Who wove the garlands pure and free
In poet-music's sweetest chime,
I bow to thee.

Bright flowers deck the woods along,
God's offering for Memorial Day,
And thou hast wreathed them into song
Beyond decay.

And all along the walks of life,
Mid sunny lands, and sunny hours,
Instead heroes of a bloody strife
Will give thee flowers.

Yes, flow'rs of song, of praise, and love,
Too pure and holy for decay,
Strew thy path from fields above
The Tenth of May.

They'll give the Laurel, Balm, Heartease
To line the path thy feet must tread,
And lead thee o'er the golden leas
When thou art dead.

Their final victory now is won,
But in our glorious memory
Their deeds, bright as the noonday's sun,
Shall never die.

And thine, carved in our memory-dome,
When thou hast reached the golden shore,
Shall in each Southron's heart and home
Live evermore.

THE MODEL WIDOWER.

He begins to think of No. 2 before the weed on his hat loses its first gloss. May be seen assisting young girls to get a seat in Church, or ordering carts off dry crossings for pretty feet that are waiting to pass over. Is convinced that he was never made to live alone. His children must be looked after, or, if he hasn't any, he would like to be looked after himself. Draws a deep sigh every time a dress rattles past him with a female in it. Is very particular about the polish of his boot or the fit of his glove; thinks he looks very interesting in black.—Don't walk out in public much with his children; when he does, *takes the youngest!* Revives his old taste for moonlight and poetry; pities single men with all his heart; wonders how they contrive to exist. Reproves little John for saying "Pa!" so loud (when he meets him in the street.) Sets his face against the practice of women going home "alone and unprotected" from evening meetings. Tells the widows his heart aches for 'em! Wonders which of all the damsels he sees he shall *make up his mind* to marry. Is sorry that he shall be obliged to disappoint them all *but one!* Has long since preferred orange blossoms to the cypress wreath. Starts some fine day and refinishes his house from garret to cellar; hangs his wife's portrait in the attic (shrouded in old blankets,) and marries a playmate of his eldest daughter!

THE MODEL WIDOW.

She wouldn't wear her veil up on any account. Thinks her complexion looks fairer than ever, in contrast with her sables. Sends back her new dress because the fold of crape on the skirt isn't deep mourning enough. Steadily refuses to look in the direction of a dress-coat—for one week. Wonders if that handsome Tompkins who passes her window every day is insane enough to think she will ever marry again! Is very fond of drawing off her glove and resting her little white hand on her black bonnet, thinking it may be suggestive of an early application for the same. Concludes to give up housekeeping and try boarding at a hotel. Accepts Tompkins' invitation to "attend the children's concert," just to please little Tommy! Tommy is delighted, and thinks Tompkins is a very kind gentleman to give him so much candy and so many bonbons. His mamma begins to admit certain little alleviations of her sorrow, in the shape of protracted conversations, walks, rides, calls, etc. She cries a little when Tommy asks her if she has not forgotten to plant the flowers in a certain cemetery.—Tompkins comes in and thinks her lovelier than ever, smiling through her tears.—Tommy is sent into the garden to make "pretty dirt-pies" (to the utter demolition of a new frock and trowsers), and returns very unexpectedly to find his mamma's cheeks very rosy, and to be tossed up in the air by Tompkins, who declares himself his "new, new papa!"

A Tennessee Dutchman having caught his son in wrong-doing, determined to administer a dose of hickory. So he trimmed a switch and went to look for the youngster, who incontinently took to his heels. After chasing the boy around for a while, the old man thought to persuade him to stop and take the licking. So he halted and hailed the wary fugitive: "Shon," he said, "Shon, stop! I'm not so mad as vat I vosh!"

WANTED TIME.—"Boss, I want twenty-five cents," said a jour printer to his employer. "Twenty-five cents! how soon do you want it Tom?" "Next Tuesday." "As soon as that? You can't get it. I have told you so often, that when you were in want of so large a sum of money, you must give me at least four weeks notice!"

THE OTHER SIDE.—"Will you take a pinch of snuff, Mr. Sogs?" "No I thank you; if my nose had been intended for a dust hole, it would have been turned the other side up."

A TOPER'S ARGUMENT.—In a discussion with a temperance lecturer a toper asked: "If water rots your boots, what effect must it have upon the coat of your stomach?"

A PROPER NAME.—"I think I have seen you before, sir; are you not Owen Smith?" "Oh, yes; I'm owin' Smith, and owin' Jones, and owin' Brown, and owin' the *Sentinel* office."

GLAD.—"John has signed the pledge," said Thad. to Charles. "Glad of it," responded the latter, "it will bring down the price of drinks for the rest of us."

"Would I were a man!" exclaimed a strong minded woman. "Would you were!" was the comment of her husband.

A wag thus eulogizes his musical attainments: "I know two tunes; one is Auld Lang Syne, and the other isn't; I always sing the latter."

A Colonel has the following order for mounting his men: First order—Prepare fur tar git onto yer creeters! Second order—Git!

THE ONLY ONE.—Noah was probably the only person who went to sea for fear of being drowned.

ONLY ONE OCCUPATION.—The white men have various occupations; the blacks are all wool-growers.

A lawyer had his portrait taken in his favorite attitude, standing with his hands in his pockets. "It would resemble him more closely," said an acquaintance, "if he had his hands in somebody else's pocket."

JUST RECEIVED,
A SUPERB LOT OF
GENT'S FINE CALF BOOTS,
CALF GAITERS,
LASTING GAITERS,
LASTING SHOES,
OXFORD TIES,
From the celebrated manufactory of T. MILES & SON.
A. M. & J. McKIMMON.
May 10-220-tf

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

SENATE.

Radical members marked "R;" Conservatives marked "C."

CONNECTICUT.		MINNESOTA.	
James Dixon, c		Alex Ramsay, r	
Orris S Ferry, r		Dan'l S Norton, c	
CALIFORNIA.		NEW HAMPSHIRE.	
John Conness, r		Aaron H Craigin, r	
Jornelius Cole, r		Jas W Patterson, r	
DELAWARE.		NEW YORK.	
Jeo Read Riddle, c		Edwin D Morgan, r	
Willard Saulsbury, c		Roscoe Conkling, r	
ILLINOIS.		NEW JERSEY.	
Richard Yates, r		A G Cattell, r	
Vacancy.		F T Freilinghuysen, r	
INDIANA.		NEVADA.	
Thos A Hendricks, c		Wm M Stewart, r	
Lyman Trumbull, r		Vacancy	
IOWA.		OHIO.	
James W Grimes, r		Benj. F Wade, r	
James Harlan, r		John Sherman, r	
KANSAS		OREGON.	
Vacancy		Geo H Williams, r	
Do		Henry W Corbett, r	
MAINE.		PENNSYLVANIA.	
Lott M Morrill, r		Chas R Buckalew, c	
W P Fessenden, r		Simon Cameron, r	
MASSACHUSETTS.		RHODE ISLAND.	
Chas Sumner, r		Wm Sprague, r	
Henry Wilson, r		Henry B Anthony, r	
MARYLAND.		TENNESSEE.	
Reverdy Johnson, c		David T Fowler, r	
Vacancy		J S Patterson, c	
MISSOURI.		VERMONT.	
John B Henderson, r		Geo F Edmunds, r	
C D Drake, r		Simon Cameron, r	
MICHIGAN.		WISCONSIN.	
Zachariah Chandler, r		Jas B. Doolitle, c	
Jacob M Howard, r		Vacancy.	
KENTUCKY.		WEST VIRGINIA.	
James Guthrie, c		Peter G Van Winkle, r	
Vacancy.		Waitman T Willey, r	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

NEW YORK.		MISSOURI.	
1 Stephen Taber, c		1 Wm A Pile, r	
2 Demas Barnes, c		2 C A Newcom, r	
3 Wm E Robinson, c		3 Thos E Noell, c	
4 John Fox, c		4 J J Gravelly, r	
5 John Morrissey, c		5 J W McClurg, r	
6 Thos E Stewart, c		6 B T Van Horn r	
7 John W Chandler, c		7 Benj F Loan, r	
8 James Brooks, c		8 J P Benjamin, r	
9 Fernando Wood, c		9 G W Anderson, r	
10 Wm H Robertson, r		MICHIGAN.	
11 Chas H Van Wyck, r		1 Fer 4: Beamen, r	
12 John H Kercham, r		2 Chas Upson, r	
13 Thos Cornell, r		3 Austin Blair, r	
14 J V L Pruyn, c		4 Thos W Ferry, r	
15 J A Griswold, r		5 B E Trowbridge, r	
16 Orange Ferris, r		6 John F Driggs, r	
17 C T Hulbard, r		MINNESOTA.	
18 James M Marvin, r		1 Wm Windom, r	
19 Wm C Fields, r		2 Ignatius Donnelly, r	
20 A H Ladin, r		NEW JERSEY.	
21 Roscoe Conkling, r		1 William Moore, r	
22 J C Churchill, r		2 Wm A Newell, r	
23 Dennis McCarthy, r		3 Chas Sitgreaves, c	
24 T M Pomeroy, r		4 John Hill, r	
25 Wm H Kelsey r		5 G A Halsey, r	
26 Wm S Lincoln, r		NEVADA.	
27 Hamilton Ward, r		Delons R Ashley, r	
28 Lewis Selye, r		OHIO.	
29 Burt Van Horn, r		1 Benj Eggleston, r	
30 J M Humphrey, c		2 R B Hayes, r	
31 H Van Aremam, r		3 Robt C Schenck, r	
DELAWARE.		4 Wm Lawrence, r	
John Nicholson, c		5 Wm H Mungen, c	
ILLINOIS.		6 B W Clark, r	
1 N B Judd, r		7 Saml Shallaberger, r	
2 J F Farnsworth, r		8 G H Hamilton, r	
3 E B Washburne, r		9 Ralph P Buckland, r	
4 A C Harding, r		10 James M Ashley, r	
5 E C Ingersoll, r		11 John T Wilson, r	
6 Burton C Cook, r		12 P Van Trump, c	
7 H P H Bromwell, r		13 G W Morgan c	
8 Shelby McCullum, r		14 Martin Welker, r	
9 Lewis W Ross, c		15 Tobias A Plants, r	
10 A G Burr, c		16 John A Bingham, r	
11 Sam'l Marshall, c		17 Ephraim R Eckley, r	
12 John Baker, r		18 Rufus P Spalding, r	
13 G B Baum, r		19 James A Garfield, r	
At large, J A Logan, r			
INDIANA.		OREGON.	
1 Wm E Niblack, c		J D H Henderson, r	
2 Michael C Kerr, c		PENNSYLVANIA.	
3 M C Hunter, r		1 Samuel J Randall, c	
4 Wm S Holman, c		2 Charles O'Neill, r	
5 Geo W Julian, r		3 Leonard Myers, r	
6 John Colburn, r		4 W D Kelley, r	
7 H D Washburne, r		5 Caleb N Taylor, r	
8 Godlove S Orth, r		6 D Markely Boyer, c	
9 Schuyler Colfax, r		7 John M Broomall, r	
10 Wm Williams, r		8 Lawrence Getz, r	
11 Jno P C Shanks, r		9 Thaddeus Stevens, r	
IOWA.		10 Henry L Cake, r	
1 James F Wilson, r		11 D M Van Auken, c	
2 Hiram Price, r		12 Charles Dennison, c	
3 Wm B Allison, r		13 Ulysses F Mercer, r	
4 W M Longbridge, r		14 Geo F Miller, r	
5 G M Dodge, r		15 A J Goldsbrenner, c	
6 Asahel W Hubbard, r		16 Wm H Koontz, r	
KANSAS.		17 Daniel S. Morrell, r	
Sidney Clark, r		18 Stephen F Wilson, r	
MAINE.		19 G W Schofield, r	
1 John Lynch, r		20 Darwin A Finney, r	
2 Sidney Parham, r		21 John Covode, r	
3 James G Blaine, r		22 J K Morehead, r	
4 John A Peters, r		23 Thomas Williams, r	
5 Fred'k A Pike, r		24 G V Lawrence, r	
MASSACHUSETTS.		VERMONT.	
1 Thos D Eliot, r		1 E E Woodbridge, r	
2 Oakes Ames, r		2 Luke Poland, r	
3 Ginery Twitchell, r		3 W C Smith, r	
4 Sam'l Hooper, r		WISCONSIN	
5 Benj. F. Butler, r		1 Halbert E Paine, r	
6 Nat P Banks, r		2 Benj F Hopkins, r	
7 Geo S Boutwell, r		3 Amasna Cobb, r	
8 John B Baldwin, r		4 Chas A Eldridge, c	
9 W B Washburne, r		5 Philetus Sawyer, r	
10 Henry L Dawes, r		6 C C Washburne, r	
MARYLAND.		WEST VIRGINIA.	
1 Hiram McCullough, c		1 C D Hubbard, r	
2 S Arthur, c		2 Benj M Kitchen, r	
3 C E Phelps, c		3 Daniel Palsey, r	
4 Francis Thomas, r			
5 Frederick Stone, c			

Connecticut, California Kentucky, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Tennessee, choosing twenty-nine members, are yet to elect.

U. S. Judiciary

The Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States are as follows:

Mr Chief Justice Chase, of Ohio
Mr Justice Wayne, Georgia
Mr Justice Nelson, New York
Mr Justice Grier, Pennsylvania
Mr Justice Swayne, Ohio
Mr Justice Miller, Iowa
Mr Justice Davis, Illinois
Mr Justice Field, California
Mr Justice Stansbury, Ohio
Reporter, John W Wallace, Ohio
Marshal, D S Gooding
Clerk, D W Middleton

The Judge of the District Court of North Carolina is G W Brooks. District Attorney, D H Starbuck. Marshal, Daniel R Goodloe.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AUCTION SALE.

I will sell, on the 23rd. day of May, at the Store of W. C. Stronach, on Market Square, all the HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE (and a fine MILCH COW) belonging to the estate of the late Sarah Stronach, deceased.

All sums over $10, six months credit with approved security.

GEO. T. STRONACH,
Admr.

Apr. 30-ecdts.

J. H. CRAWFORD,
Mechanical and Operative Dentist,
RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:
From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.
my 4-228-eodly

FOR SALE.

Two tracts of land, lying in the County of Johnston, N. C., near Smithfield, adapted to the growing of COTTON, CORN, and small grain. These farms are situated upon the waters of the Neuse, and are also convenient to the N. C. Rail Road.

One of these farms, the late residence of T. M. Whitly, dec'd. with the very best improvements upon it, contains between eight and nine hundred acres.

The other tract, containing about five hundred and sixty-five acres, has a good dwelling house upon it, with all other necessary out buildings.—For further information, please apply to Mr. JAMES H. ABELL, at Smithfield, or to the undersigned,

JAS. A. BARNETT.

my 15-226-d3w.

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established; Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER.
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 4th section of the Sherman Bill:

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowlege and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, Houses of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1862.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted, &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for —— months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof: that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God." which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office." Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

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